Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2011

Under provisions of state law this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date JUN 20 2012

Annual Report December 31, 2011

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

This discussion and analysis of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- Net assets or our governmental activities increased by \$20,986
- As a result of this year's operations, assets exceeded liabilities by \$439,323 (net assets).
- Total spending for all governmental activities was \$892,661 for the year, which was \$261 less than the program revenues of \$892,400
- The governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$398,376 of which all was considered unassigned.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-Wide Financial Statements) provide information about the governmental activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the finances. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds (Fund Financial Statements) tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending Fund financial statements also report the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Other Supplemental Information is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Annual Report.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about finances is, "Is the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information as a whole and about activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

These two statements report the net assets and changes in them. You can think of net assets—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State laws. The City Court of Houma, Louisiana uses only the governmental type of fund with the following accounting approach. Most of the basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AS A WHOLE (GWFS)

Net assets increased by \$128,399, as stated before, including an adjustment to beginning net assets for a prior period adjustment of \$29,366. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—absorbed the increase this year. The balance in net assets represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations

Our analysis focuses on the net assets and changes in net assets of the governmental-type activities:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	2010	2011	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Comment and Other to at-	P 400 404	4 500 400	. 04.007	40.004
Current and Other Assets	\$ 438,191	\$ 522,198	\$ 84,007	19 2%
Capital Assets	47,826	40,947	(6,879)	14 4%
Total Assets	486,017	563,145	77,128	15 9%
Current Liabilities	67,680	123,822	<u>56,142</u>	<u>83 0%</u>
Invested in Capital Assets	47,826	40,947	(6,879)	-14 4%
Unrestricted	370,511	398,376	27,865	7 5%_
Total Net Assets	\$ 418,337	\$ 439,323	\$ 20,986	5 0%

Program revenues for the governmental activities decreased by \$39,604 a little more than 4%, while expenses increased by about the same amount. General revenues consisting of interest earned and other miscellaneous revenue also decreased slightly by \$965.

Condensed Statement of Activities

	2010	2011	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Total program expenses	\$(855,183)	\$(892,661)	\$ 37,478	4 4%
Total program revenues	932,004	892,400	(39,604)	
Net program income	76,821	(261)	(77,082)	100 3%
General revenues	22,212	21,247	(965)	-4 3%
Change in Net Assets Net Assets:	99,033	20,986	(78,047)	78 8%
Beginning of the year	319,304	418,337	99,033	<u>31 0%</u>
End of the year	\$ 418,337	\$ 439,323	\$ 20,986	5 0%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (FFS)

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at individual funds helps you consider whether the Court is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also give you more insight into the overall financial health

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

The general fund, reported an ending fund balance of \$398,376, an increase of approximately 8%. This increase is primarily the result of the events and programs described within the analysis of the governmental activities. Total revenues decreased approximately \$40,000 or 4%. Current expenditures for judicial activities were \$879,101 a slight increase from the prior year by 4%. Capital outlay equaled \$6,681, a decrease from amounts expended last year.

The agency funds are composed mainly of cash for fines and fees collected for amounts due to others from these collections. The Civil Cost Fund is the largest of the agency funds with approximately \$900,000 in cash and amounts held for future disposition. The Criminal Cost Fund reflects approximately \$74,000 in cash and funds held for future disposition. The Bond Fund reflects approximately \$30,000 in cash and bonds held for future disposition.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for the General Fund was revised during the year as summarized below.

Originally budgeted revenues Increases (decreases) were provided for:	\$ 881,014
An increase in fees revenue	13,121
A decrease in intergovernmental revenue	(3)
A decrease in miscellaneous and interest	(717)
Final budgeted revenues	\$ 893,415
Originally budgeted expenditures Increases (decreases) were provided for:	\$ 860,860
An increase in current expenditures	30,378
A decrease in capital outlay	(11,319)
Final budgeted expenditures	\$879,919

Civil fees collected were much less than originally anticipated and the budget was amended for a decrease in civil fees of over \$36,000. Expenditures for postage and capital outlay were overestimated and reduced accordingly by \$14,349 and \$11,319. Expenditures for the reimbursement to TPCG (\$20,083), travel, education and seminars (\$10,454), microfilm and computer services (\$12,715), and miscellaneous (\$10,488) were underestimated and adjusted accordingly.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$337,060, for governmental activities at year-end were \$40,947. This year there was \$6,681 of additions to capital assets Depreciation of \$13,556 was recorded on capital assets. More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Many factors were considered when budgeting for the current fiscal year. Possible new laws and regulations, increased rates and fees that would be charged were all considered. Historically, the office staff and costs remain stable and should continue to do so. The Terrebonne Parish Council in their current operating budget absorbs some capital asset purchases and other operating expenses. If these estimates remain consistent, the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's General Fund balance is expected to decrease accordingly by the close of 2011. Highlights of next year's adopted budget for the general fund include

2012 Condensed Summary of Budgeted Finances			
Anticipated revenues \$883,950			
Expenditures:			
Current	870,132		
Capital outlay	12,000		
Anticipated expenditures	882,132		
Excess of revenues	1,818		
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of the year	345,004		
End of the year	\$346,822		

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's finances and to show accountability for the money it received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Mr Douglas Holloway, Court Administrator 8046 Main Street Houma, LA 70360 Phone 985-868-4232





STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana, a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of City Court of Houma's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Statements, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as of December 31, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge City Court of Houma, Louisiana

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated May 8, 2012, on our consideration of the City Court of Houma's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Stagni & Company
Thibodaux, Louisiana
May 8, 2012

Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities
December 31, 2011

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 323,615
Investments	139,880
Fees & costs receivable	58,703
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	 40,947
TOTAL ASSETS	 563,145
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	8,050
Due to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Govt	115,772
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 123,822
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	40,947
Unrestricted	398,376
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 439,323

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

			•				Net
	Expenses	Charges	Program Revenue Charges for services Operating Grants	venue Opera	ting Grants	ŢŞ.	(Expense) Revenue
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Judicial activities:	\$892,661	es es	849,779	49	42,621	⊘	(261)
Total governmental activities	892,661		849,779		42,621		(261)
	GENERAL REVENUES Miscellaneous Interest earned	VENUES				•	9,010 12,237
	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	aal reve	NUES				21,247
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	ET ASSET					20,986
	NET ASSETS. Beginning of year, restated End of year	ar, restate	7			8	418,337 439,323

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund - General Fund December 31, 2011

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	323,615
Investments	•	139,880
Fees & Costs Receivable		•
		58,703
Total assets		522,198
LIADUITICO .		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		8,050
Due to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Govt		115,772
Total liabilities		123,822
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned		398,376
Total fund balance		
rotal fund balance		398,376
Amounts reported for accommental activities in		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in		
the statement of net assets are different		
because [.]		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the		
funds.		40,947
		30,017
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	439,323
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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Fund - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

REVENUES	
Charges for services.	
Criminal fees	\$ 225,966
Juvenile fees	121,304
Civil fees	334,829
Building fees	167,680
Intergovernmental revenue	42,621
Miscellaneous [,]	
Interest	12,237
Other	9,010
Total revenues	913,647
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Reimbursement to Terrebonne	
Parish Consolidated Government	393,311
Transfer to Parish for Building Fund	162,095
Salaries and employee benefits	76,678
Office supplies	40,522
Postage	16,923
Law books, dues and publications	8,354
Professional services	44,786
Travel, education and seminars	52,535
Telecommunications	12,255
Uniform and clothing allowance	4,734
Insurance	2,579
Equipment repairs and maintenance	35,235
Miscellaneous	29,094
Total current expenditures	879,101
Capital outlay	6,681_
Total expenditures	885,782
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	27,865
FUND BALANCES	
Beginning of year	<u>370,511</u>
End of year	\$ 398,376
•	

Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances (FFS) to the Statement of Activities (GWFS)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds (FFS)	\$	27,865
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays 6,68	31	
Miscellaneous adjustment	(4)	
Depreciation(13,55	6)	
Change in net assets - governmental activities (GWFS)	<u>_</u>	(6,879) 20,986

CITY COURT OF HOUMA
TERREBONNE PARISH, LOUISIANA
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds
December 31, 2011

		CI_	ວັ	Criminal					
		Cost		Sost		Bond			
		Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Totals	
ASSETS								 	
Cash Investments	↔	380,569 520,781	69	74,366	49	30,020	₩	484,955 520,781	
Total assets	₩	901,350	⇔	74,366	⇔	30,020	8	\$ 1,005,736	
LIABILITIES									
Bonds held for future disposition Civil funds held for future disposition Criminal funds held for future disposition	₩	901,350	↔	- 74,366	⇔	30,020	φ.	30,020 901,350 74,366	
Total liabilities	€3	901,350	4	74,366	G	30,020	8	\$ 1,005,736	

See notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

INTRODUCTION

The City Court of Houma is organized under the Louisiana Revised Statute 13 1872. The City Court is a limited jurisdiction court handling civil suits up to \$20,000, adult misdemeanors and juvenile proceedings. The Honorable Judge of the City Court of Houma is an elected official whose current term ends December 31, 2014.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles

B. Reporting Entity

The Judge of the City Court of Houma is an independently elected official. However, the City Court of Houma is fiscally dependent on the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government for office space, courtrooms, and related utility costs, as well as partial funding of salary costs.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the City Court of Houma and do not present information on the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity

C. Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis whereby a separate self-balancing set of accounts is maintained for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The various funds in the financial statements in this report are grouped into two broad categories as follows:

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Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Type

Governmental funds account for all or most of the general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources that may be used to finance future period programs or operations. The following are the governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City Court of Houma, Louisiana as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in fund financial statements, are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (Continued)

The amounts reflected in the fund financial statements, use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The court considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures.

Revenues – Court fines and fees and interest are recorded when earned and measurable.

Expenditures – The major expenditures of salaries and benefits, and court processing and clerk fees are recorded when the salary is earned and payable or when the fees are incurred

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements display information as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed).

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Program Revenues - Program revenues included in the column labeled Statement of Activities are derived directly from users as a fee for services, program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues

E. Budgets

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana presents, adopts and amends an operating budget for the general fund as required by the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act. The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget presented in the Budget Comparison Schedule shows the original and final amended budgets for the year.

The City Court of Houma does not utilize encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in the fund general ledgers.

F. Cash and investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Under state law, the Houma City Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. City Court of Houma's cash includes amounts in regular and savings accounts.

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R S) 33 2955—If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents State law allows all political subdivisions to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit of state or national banks having their principal office in Louisiana or any other federally insured investment

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments (continued)

The City Court of Houma, Louisiana may invest idle funds as authorized by Louisiana Statutes, as follows:

- (a) United States bonds, treasury notes, certificates, or any other federally insured investments.
- (b) Time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana.
- (c) Mutual or trust funds, which are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Security Act of 1933 and the Investment Act of 1940 and which have underlying investments consisting solely of and limited to securities of the United States government or its agencies.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The court maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
<u>Description</u>	Lives
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years

H. Compensated Absences

All individuals who work at the City Court of Houma are primarily employees of the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government; therefore, no liability for compensated absences is recorded in these financial statements. Vacation and sick leave do not accumulate

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Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Any designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The year-end balances of deposits are as follows:

	Bank Balances	Reported Amount
Cash	\$718,906	\$808,570
Certificates of		
Deposit	400,000	400,000
Totals	\$1,118,906	\$1,208,570

State law requires deposits (cash & certificates of deposit) be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes the FDIC/FSLIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished, as security must be held by the political subdivision or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the political subdivision. In accordance with state law all cash and deposits were collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 2 Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2011, \$253,303 of the City Court's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the City Court's name

At year-end, cash and certificates of deposit in excess of the FDIC insurance were collateralized by securities held by unaffiliated banks for the account of depositors. The GASB, which promulgates the standards for accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments, considers these securities subject to custodial credit risk. Even though the pledged securities are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Statement 40, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the district that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand

A reconciliation of deposits reported on the financial statements follows:

	Reported Amount
Cash – governmental fund	\$323,615
CD – governmental fund	100,000
Cash – agency funds	484,955
Certificates of deposit - agency funds	300,000
Totals	\$1,208,570

Investments

State statues authorize investing in obligations of the US Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; guaranteed investment contracts and investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic corporations; repurchase agreements, and the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP)

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 2 Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2011 investments and maturities were as follows

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Matures in less than 1	Investment Matures in 1 to 5 years
US Government Securities Fund	\$121,767	\$121,767	
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities	32,218		32,218
Government Money Funds	97,403	97,403	
Other	9,363	9,363	
Certificates of Deposit	400,000	300,000	100,000
Totals	\$660,751	\$528,533	\$132,218

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City Court will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because of their natural diversification and the diversification required by the Securities and Exchange Commission

Total reconciliation of investments as shown reported on the financial statements is as follows:

	Reported Amount
Investments – governmental fund	\$139,880
Investments – agency funds	520,781
Totals	\$660,751

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 3 Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity for the year is as follows.

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Furniture and Equipment	\$371,326	\$6,681	\$0	\$378,007
Less accumulated depreciation	323,500	13,560	0	337,060
Furniture& Equipment, net	\$47,826			\$40,947

Depreciation expense for the year recorded for governmental activities was \$13,559.

Note 4 Employee Retirement Systems

All individuals who work at City Court of Houma, Louisiana are primarily paid by the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government and are consequently members of the State Parochial Employee's Retirement System of Louisiana and the Louisiana State Employee's Retirement System. GASB requires certain disclosures for employers who maintain retirement plans for their employees.

All individuals employed at the City Court of Houma, Louisiana are primarily compensated by others who disclose the required retirement plan information in their separately issued financial statements. The retirement plan mentioned above is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

Note 5 Reimbursement to Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government

The Terrebonne Pansh Consolidated Government (TPCG) pays certain operating costs of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana. These costs include salaries and benefits, supplies, utilities and insurance and are not recognized as expenditures by the City Court of Houma, Louisiana and accordingly, are not included in the basic financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Note 6 Risk Management

City Court of Houma, Louisiana is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions, and injuries to the public; and natural disasters. To protect against these risks, the District has purchased commercial or other insurance for the losses to which it is exposed

Note 7 Cooperative Endeavor Agreements – Building Fund

Beginning April 9, 2001 a cooperative endeavor was entered into pursuant to a resolution of the Terrebonne Parish Council to provide for the receipt, accounting and management of fees collected under LRS Title 13, Section 1910 (known as Act 901 fees) that provides for a City Court Building Fund to be "dedicated exclusively to the acquisition, leasing, construction, equipping, and maintenance of new and existing city courts and for the maintenance and payment of any bond indebtedness on any such existing facilities"

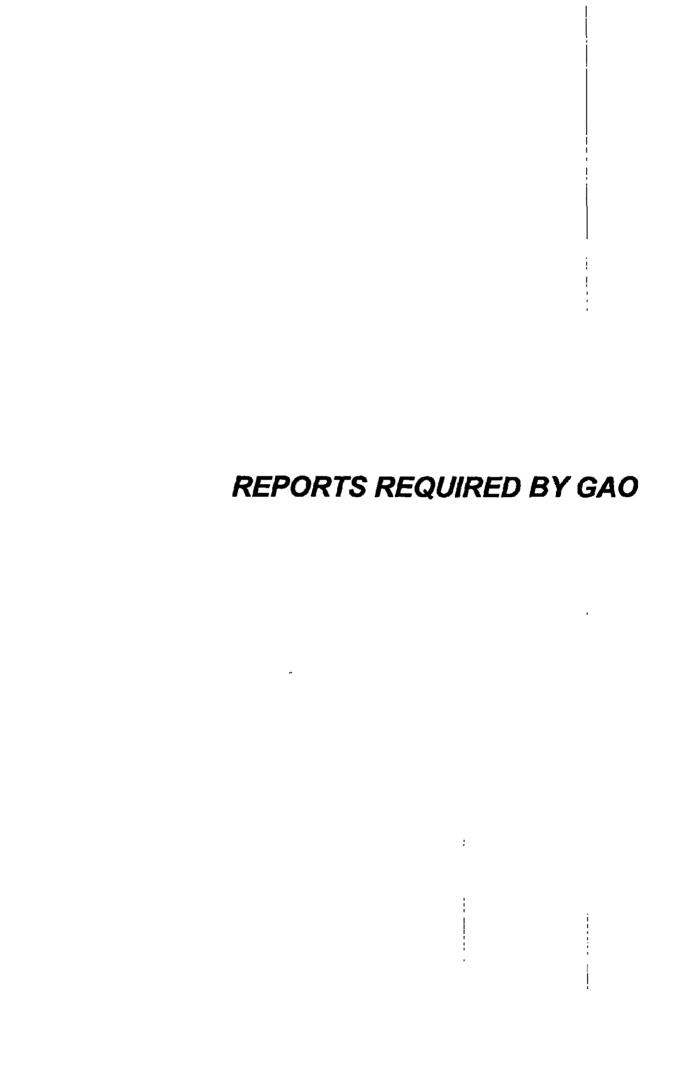
The fee of not to exceed \$20 is assessed on all civil and criminal cases filed in the jurisdiction of the Houma City Court. The City Court of Houma collects these fees and remits the fees monthly to the Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government to account for these fees as prescribed. The amount collected and remitted for the current year is \$167,680.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

CITY COURT OF HOUMA TERREBONNE PARISH, LOUISIANA Budget Companson Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

	,			Favorable	
	Bud			(Unfavorable)	
	Onginal	Amended	Actual	<u>Variance</u>	
REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Criminal costs & fees	\$ 206,292	\$ 256,588	\$ 225,966	\$ (30,622)	
Juvenile costs & fees	104,976	113,300	121,304	8,004	
Civil fees	346,230	310,144	334,829	24,685	
Building Fund fees	165,495	156,082	167,680	11,598	
Intergovernmental revenue	42,624	42,621	42,621	-	
Miscellaneous			•		
Interest	15,397	12,386	12,237	(149)	
Other		2,294	9,010	6,716	
Total revenues	881,014	893,415	913,647	20,232	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current.					
Reimbursement to Terrebonne					
Pansh Consolidated Government	373,228	393,311	393,311	-	
Transfer to Pansh for Building Fund	165,495	156,082	162,095	(6,013)	
Salaries and employee benefits	76,824	76,678	76,678	-	
Office supplies	33,744	34,680	40,522	(5,842)	
Postage	31,272	16,923	16,923	•	
Law books, dues and publications	6,769	8,354	8,354	-	
Professional services	42,636	43,804	44,786	(982)	
Travel, education and seminars	42,080	52,534	52,535	(1)	
Telecommunications	12,300	12,255	12,255	- ` `	
Microfilm and computer services	12,312	25,027	· <u>-</u>	25,027	
Uniform and clothing allowance	6,000	4,734	4,734	•	
Insurance	2,400	2,579	2,579	-	
Equipment repairs and maintenance	13,200	12,608	35,235	(22,627)	
Interpreter	2,400	981	· <u>-</u>	981	
Miscellaneous	22,200	32,688	29,094	3,594	
Total current expenditures	842,860	873,238	879,101	(5,863)	
Capital outlay	18,000	6,681	6,681	•	
Total expenditures	860,860	879,919	885,782	(5,863)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	20,154	13,496	27,865	26,095	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	324,761	325,473	370,511	370,511	
End of year	\$ 344,915	\$ 338,969	\$ 398,376	\$ 396,608	
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STAGNI & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge. City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City Court of Houma, Louisiana, a component unit of Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards and the standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City Court of Houma's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis

Honorable Jude Thaddeus Fanguy, Judge. City Court of Houma Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City Court of Houma, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information of, management. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24.513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document

Stagni & Company

May 8, 2012 Thibodaux, Louisiana

CITY COURT OF HOUMA TERREBONNE PARISH, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Reports

- The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements.
- No deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- No instances of noncompliance or other matters under *Government Auditing*Standards were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- No instances of noncompliance under the provisions of Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide were disclosed during the audit of the basic financial statements
- The Court neither received nor expended any federal awards during the year.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

 There were no financial statement findings during the audit of the basic financial statements.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

• There were no federal awards received during the fiscal year

